SYLLABUS

1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education	Babeş-Bolyai University of Cluj-Napoca
institution	
1.2 Faculty	Environmental Science and Engineering
1.3 Department	Environmental Analysis and Assessment
1.4 Field of study	Environmental Engineering
1.5 Study cycle	Master
1.6 Study programme /	Sustainable Developement and Environmental Management
Qualification	

2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of th	e dis	cipline	LIDAR systems				
2.2 Course coordinatorNicolae Ajtai, Lecturer Ph.D.							
2.3 Seminar coordinatorResearcher Horatiu Stefanie Ph. D							
2.4. Year of	Π	2.5	3	2.6. Type of	С	2.7 Type of	Optional
study		Semester		evaluation		discipline	

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	3	Of which: 3.2 course	1	3.3	2
				seminar/laboratory	
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	42	Of which: 3.5 course	14	3.6	28
				seminar/laboratory	
Time allotment:					hours
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes					4
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					4
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					4
Tutorship					0
Evaluations					2
Other activities:					
3.7 Total individual study hours					

5.7 Total marviadal study nouis	
3.8 Total hours per semester	56
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	4

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	Basic knowledge of atmospheric environment
4.2. competencies	Basic computer and technical skills

5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	Video projector
5.2. for the seminar /lab	Laboratory with computers;
activities	

6. Specific competencies acquired

0. Specifi	ic competencies acquired
	• Understanding the concepts, methods and models used in environmental data acquisition
	and remote sensing
ies	• Understanding the composition of the atmosphere and its dynamics
Professional competencies	• Understanding radiative transfer through the atmosphere
coml	Understanding basic meteorological aspects
ional	• Understanding the principles of active and passive remote sensing
ofess	• Learn to derive microphysical properties of particles from optical ones
Pr	• Learn to use trajectory models for particle dynamics
	• Learn the basic operation of LIDAR systems
	• Apply descriptive methodologies according to the type of study design for answering a particular research question
	• Learn data processing with specific software
rsal ncies	• Learn to work in research teams
Transversal competencies	• Learn to integrate environmental data with other socio-economical parameters in order to get a broader perspective on sustainable development

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	Acquire expertise regarding concepts, methodologies and techniques used in environmental data acquisition and LIDAR remote sensing
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	 Acquire a theoretical background regarding data acquisition and remote sensing To provide hands-on expertise in the use of LIDAR systems and remote sensing instrumentation Learn to integrate different types of environmental data in order to better characterize environmental factors

8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Introduction. Initial Evaluation	Conversation	
	Assessment	
2. The atmosphere. Composition and dynamics	Interactive exposure	
	Explanation	
	Oral presentation	
	Conversation	
3. Radiative transfer through the atmosphere	Interactive exposure	
	Explanation	
	Oral presentation	

	Conversation
4. Active and passive remote sensing systems.	Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	Oral presentation
	Conversation
5. LIDAR systems. Set-up and operation.	Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	Oral presentation
	Conversation
6. LIDAR data acquisition and processing.	Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	Oral presentation
	Conversation
7. Final evaluation.	Explanation
	Conversation
	• Assessment

Bibliography

Wallace, J.M., Hobbs, P.V., (2006) – *Atmospheric science: an introductory survey* - 2nd edition., ISBN 13: 978-0-12-732951-2

Ștefan, S., Nicolae, D., Caian, M., (2008), Secretele aerosolului atmosferic in lumina laserului, Ed. Ars Docendi, Bucuresti

Ștefan, S., (2004), Fizica Atmosferei, vremea și clima, Editura Universității, București

Ristoiu, D., (2005), Fizica atmosferei, Ed. Napoca Star, ISBN: 973-647-268-X, 560 p.

Rayleigh, L., (1964), On The Light From The Sky, Its Polarization And Colour, Philos. Mag., vol. 41, 107-120, 274-279, reprinted Sci. Papers, vol. I, no. 8, 1869-1881, Dover, New York

Weitkamp, C., (2005), *Lidar: Range-Resolved Optical Remote Sensing of the Atmosphere*, Springer, 460p. Lenoble, J., (1993), *Atmospheric radiative transfer*, Publisher Hampton : Deepak, ISBN: 0937194212 Holloway, A., Wayne, R., (2010), *Atmospheric chemistry*, RSC Publishing, ISBN: 978-1-84755-807-7. 260 pp

Hobbs, P.V., (2000), Introduction to Atmospheric Chemistry, Camb. Univ. Press, p. 150

Ångström, A., (1929), On the atmospheric transmission of sun radiation and on dust in the air, Geogr. Ann., 11, 156–166

8.2 Seminar / laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Discussions over initial evaluation. Project	Interactive	
assignments.	discussions	
	Brainstorming	
2. Data acquisition procedures and protocols.	Explanation	
Safety procedures in the laboratory	Oral presentation	
3. The radiative transfer equation.	Explanation	
	Demostration	
	Hands-on learning	
4. LIDAR technique. Instrumentation.	Explanation	
	Demostration	
	Hands-on learning	
5. LIDAR technique. Operation.	Explanation	
	Demostration	
	Hands-on learning	
6. LIDAR technique. Data acquisition.	Interactive	
	discussions	
	• Assessment	
7. LIDAR data pre-processing in LabView	Explanation	
	Oral presentation	

8. LIDAR data processing in LabView.	Explanation
	Demostration
	Hands-on learning
9. LIDAR data processing in LabView.	Explanation
	Demostration
	Hands-on learning
10. HYSPLIT particle back-trajectory model	Explanation
	Demostration
	Hands-on learning
11. Joint project work.	Explanation
	Demostration
	Hands-on learning
12. Joint project work.	Explanation
	Demostration
	Hands-on learning
13. Joint project work.	Explanation
	Demostration
14. Final project presentation	Interactive
	discussions
	• Assessment
Dibliggraphy	

Bibliography

Draxler, R.R., Rolph, G.D., (2012), HYSPLIT (HYbrid Single-Particle Lagrangian Integrated Trajectory) Model access via NOAA ARL READY Website (http://ready.arl.noaa.gov/HYSPLIT.php), NOAA Air Resources Laboratory, Silver Spring, MD

Dubovik, O., et al., (2006), *Application of spheroid models to account for aerosol particle nonsphericity in remonte sensing of desert dust*, J. Geophys. Res., 111, doi:10.1029/2005JD006619.

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Dubovik, O., Holben, B.N., Eck, T.F., Smirnov, A., Kaufman, Y.J., King, M.D., Tanre, D., Slutsker, I., (2002), *Variability of absorption and optical properties of key aerosol types observed in worldwide locations*, Journal of Atmospheric Science., 59, 590-608

Dubovik, O., Smirnov, A., Holben, B.N., (2000), Accuracy assessments of aerosol optical properties retrieved from Aerosol Robotic Network (AERONET) sun and sky radiance measurements, JGR, 105 (D8), 9791-9806

Dubovik, O., King, M.D., (2000), A flexible inversion algorithm for retrieval of aerosol optical properties from Sun and sky radiance measurements, J. Geophys. Res., 105, 20 673-20 696

Nicolae, D., (2006), *Tehnici LIDAR pentru caracterizarea aerosolilor din atmosfera joasă*, Teză de doctorat, Universitatea Politehnica București

9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

This course will give the opportunity for the students to work with state-of-the-art remote sensing LIDAR equipmets available within the Romanian Atmospheric 3D Research Observatory and get a complete and complex view of the atmospheric environment.

10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the
			grade (%)
10.4 Course	Theoretical and	Coloquium	50%
	practical skills should		

	be demonstrated within a 2 hour colloquim				
10.5 Seminar/lab activities	Project presentation	Public presentation	50%		
10.6 Minimum performance standards					
Successful passing of the course is conditioned by the final grade that has to be at least 5, and the two individual composig grades should also be at least 5.					

Date

Signature of course coordinator

Signature of seminar coordinator

16.04.2020

Date of approval

Signature of the head of department